

2023-24 32N OST References and Methodology

County-level Students Eligible for Free/Reduce Priced Lunch: Data is from the Michigan League for Public Policy (2024) for 2023.

County-level OST Providers: Data is from the Michigan Afterschool Partnership’s (2023) Number of providers per county map.

County-level K12 Population: Data is from the Michigan League for Public Policy (2023a, 2023b) for 2022. To find the population of youth ages from five to 17, data from Michigan League for Public Policy (2023b) was subtracted from 2023a. Because of the variation of the data, it cannot be categorized by standard deviation. Instead, it is categorized as “Very Low” to “Very High” through five equal percentiles based on the sample size. Counties without any youth from the ages of five to 17 are excluded and marked as “No Youth.”

Sample Size	83	Minimum	. 249	Maximum	279150
Mean	17582.8674	Standard Deviation	39558.2996		
Skewness Statistic	4.789	Skewness Std. Error	0.264		
Kurtosis Statistic	26.384	Kurtosis Std. Error	0.523		
Label					
	Minimum			Maximum	
Very Low	249			2177	
Low	2178			4088	
Moderate	4089			7757	
High	7758			21130	
Very High	21131			279150	

County-level Level of Students Eligible for Free/Reduce-Priced Lunch: Data is from the Michigan League for Public Policy (2024) for 2023. The following labels were given to counties based on their percentage of K12 students receiving free or reduced-price lunch and its relation to the mean and standard deviation. Counties without any youth from the ages of five to 17 are excluded and marked as “No Youth.”

Sample Size	82	Minimum	.2440	Maximum	.9790
Mean	.574817	Standard Deviation	.1122796		
Skewness Statistic	-.080	Skewness Std. Error	.266		
Kurtosis Statistic	1.668	Kurtosis Std. Error	.526		
Label					
	Description	Minimum	Maximum		
Very Low	0 to -1 Std. Deviation from Mean	.2440	0.46254		
Low	-0.5 to -1 Std. Deviation from Mean	0.46255	0.51868		
Moderate	-0.5 to 0.5 Std. Deviation from Mean	0.51869	0.63096		
High	0.5 to 1.0 Std. Deviation from Mean	0.63097	0.68710		
Very High	1.0 Std. Deviation from Mean to 1	0.68710	.9790		

County-level Ratio of OST Providers to K12 Youth: K12 population data is from the Michigan League for Public Policy (2023a, 2023b) for 2022. To find the population of youth ages from five to 17, data from Michigan League for Public Policy (2023b) was subtracted from 2023a. Additionally, OST provider counts per county are from the Michigan League for Public Policy (2023a, 2023b) for 2023. The following labels were given to counties based on the number of providers divided by their population of K12 students and its relation to the mean and standard deviation. Counties without any youth from the ages of five to 17 are excluded and marked as “No Youth.”

Sample Size	83	Minimum	. 0.0000000	Maximum	0.0110865
Mean	0.003634607		Standard Deviation	0.0020930440	
Skewness Statistic	1.632		Skewness Std. Error	0.264	
Kurtosis Statistic	3.737		Kurtosis Std. Error	0.523	
Label					
Label	Description		Minimum	Maximum	
Very Low	0 to -1 Std. Deviation from Mean		.00	0.00154	
Low	-0.5 to -1 Std. Deviation from Mean		0.00155	0.00259	
Moderate	-0.5 to 0.5 Std. Deviation from Mean		0.00260	0.00468	
High	0.5 to 1.0 Std. Deviation from Mean		0.00469	0.00573	
Very High	1.0 Std. Deviation from Mean to 1		0.00574	0.01109	

ZIP Code-Level Child Opportunity Level: Data is from DiversityDataKids.org’s Child Opportunity Index 3.0 and its Overall Index ZIP Code score normed for Michigan. The year of observation is 2021.

ZIP Code-Level Geographic Type: Data is from the Education Demographic and Geographic Estimates Program (EDGE): Locale Boundaries for Michigan in 2021.

ZIP Code-Level K12 Majority Youth Racial Composition: Majority Youth Racial Composition lists what, if any, racial/ethnic identity makes up 51% or greater of a ZIP code’s youth population after dividing the racial population by the total. ZIP codes without any youth between the ages of five and 17 are excluded and marked as “No Youth.” Using Manson et al. (2023), youth population ages five to 17 was calculated by summing NHGIS code fields in racial/ethnic categories.

- White (including Hispanic): AQYHE003, AQYHE004, AQYHE005, AQYHE006, AQYHE018, AQYHE019, AQYHE020, and AQYHE021.
- Black/African American: AQYIE004, AQYIE005, AQYIE006, AQYIE019, AQYIE020, and AQYIE021.
- AIAN: AQYJE004, AQYJE005, AQYJE006, AQYJE019, AQYJE020, and AQYJE021.
- Asian: AQYKE004, AQYKE005, AQYKE006, AQYKE019, AQYKE020, and AQYKE021.
- NHPI: AQYLE004, AQYLE005, AQYLE006, AQYLE019, AQYLE020, and AQYLE021.
- Some Other Race: AQYME004, AQYME005, AQYME006, AQYME019, AQYME020, and AQYME021.
- Two or More Races: AQYNE004, AQYNE005, AQYNE006, AQYNE019, AQYNE020, and AQYNE021.
- White (not Hispanic): AQYOE004, AQYOE005, AQYOE006, AQYOE019, AQYOE020, and AQYOE021.
- Hispanic: (AQYHE004, AQYHE005, AQYHE006, AQYHE019, AQYHE020, and AQYHE021) – (AQYOE004, AQYOE005, AQYOE006, AQYOE019, AQYOE020, and AQYOE021).

ZIP Code-Level K12 Youth Diversity Level: Once the population from five to 17 years old is broken down into the categories of Hispanic alone, White alone, Black alone, American Indian or Alaska Native alone, Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander alone, Asian alone, some other race alone, or identifying as two or more races, percentages of each youth population can be determined. The U.S. Census Bureau (2023) provides the following formula to determine the likelihood that two random children will have a different racial/ethnic identity: $1 - [(\% \text{ of Population who are Hispanic alone}^2) + (\% \text{ of Population who are White alone}^2) + (\% \text{ of Population Black}^2) + (\% \text{ of Population who are American Indian and Alaska Native alone}^2) + (\% \text{ of Population who are Asian alone}^2) + (\% \text{ of Population who are NHPI alone}^2) + (\% \text{ of Population who are Some Other Race alone}^2) + (\% \text{ of Population who are Two or More Races}^2)]$. This calculation is a ZIP code’s Youth Diversity Score. ZIP codes without any youth from the ages of five to 17 are excluded and marked as “No Youth.” To determine Youth Diversity Level, the mean and standard deviation is calculated for Youth Diversity Score of all Michigan ZIP codes WITH YOUTH. The following labels were given to ZIP Codes based on their Youth Diversity Score and its relation to the mean and standard deviation. Using Manson et al. (2023), youth population ages five to 17 was calculated by summing NHGIS code fields in racial/ethnic categories.

- White (including Hispanic): AQYHE003, AQYHE004, AQYHE005, AQYHE006, AQYHE018, AQYHE019, AQYHE020, and AQYHE021.
- Black/African American: AQYIE004, AQYIE005, AQYIE006, AQYIE019, AQYIE020, and AQYIE021.
- AIAN: AQYJE004, AQYJE005, AQYJE006, AQYJE019, AQYJE020, and AQYJE021.
- Asian: AQYKE004, AQYKE005, AQYKE006, AQYKE019, AQYKE020, and AQYKE021.
- NHPI: AQYLE004, AQYLE005, AQYLE006, AQYLE019, AQYLE020, and AQYLE021.
- Some Other Race: AQYME004, AQYME005, AQYME006, AQYME019, AQYME020, and AQYME021.
- Two or More Races: AQYNE004, AQYNE005, AQYNE006, AQYNE019, AQYNE020, and AQYNE021.
- White (not Hispanic): AQYOE004, AQYOE005, AQYOE006, AQYOE019, AQYOE020, and AQYOE021.
- Hispanic: (AQYHE004, AQYHE005, AQYHE006, AQYHE019, AQYHE020, and AQYHE021) – (AQYOE004, AQYOE005, AQYOE006, AQYOE019, AQYOE020, and AQYOE021).

Sample Size	964	Minimum	.00	Maximum	.80
Mean	.2843	Standard Deviation		.19697	
Skewness Statistic	.511	Skewness Std. Error		.079	
Kurtosis Statistic	-.571	Kurtosis Std. Error		.157	
Label	Description		Minimum	Maximum	
Very Low	0 to -1 Std. Deviation from Mean		.00	.0874	
Low	-0.5 to -1 Std. Deviation from Mean		.0875	.1859	
Moderate	-0.5 to 0.5 Std. Deviation from Mean		.1860	.3828	
High	0.5 to 1.0 Std. Deviation from Mean		.3829	.4813	
Very High	1.0 Std. Deviation from Mean to 1		.4814	.80	

diversitydatakids.org (2024). Child Opportunity Index 3.0 database. Institute for Child, Youth and Family Policy at the Heller School for Social Policy and Management at Brandeis University.

Manson, S., Schroeder, J., Van Riper, D., Knowles, K., Kugler, T., Roberts, F., & Ruggles, S. (2023a). IPUMS National Historical Geographic Information System: Version 18.0 [2022 American Community Survey: 5-Year Data [2018-2022, Block Groups & Larger Areas]. Minneapolis, MN: IPUMS. <http://doi.org/10.18128/D050.V18.0>

Michigan Afterschool Partnership. (2023, May 24). Number of providers per county. *Provider Landscape*. Retrieved September 16, 2024, from <https://www.arcgis.com/home/webmap/viewer.html?webmap=8c089ceafd09409a9c12a7b6e07f079e&extent=-91.1503,40.6526,-74.9235,47.187>

Michigan League for Public Policy. (2023a, October). Population ages birth to 5 in Michigan. *KIDS COUNT Data Center from the Annie E. Casey Foundation*. <https://datacenter.aecf.org/data/tables/11525-population-ages-birth-to-5?loc=24&loct=5#detailed/5/3744-3826/false/1095,2048/any/22721>

Michigan League for Public Policy. (2023b, October). Population ages birth to 17 in Michigan. *KIDS COUNT Data Center from the Annie E. Casey Foundation*. <https://datacenter.aecf.org/data/tables/11525-population-ages-birth-to-5?loc=24&loct=5#detailed/5/3744-3826/false/1095,2048/any/22721>

Michigan League for Public Policy. (2024, March). Students who are economically disadvantaged (previously Students Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Lunch) in Michigan. *KIDS COUNT Data Center from the Annie E. Casey Foundation*. <https://datacenter.aecf.org/data/tables/11525-population-ages-birth-to-5?loc=24&loct=5#detailed/5/3744-3826/false/1095,2048/any/22721>

U.S. Department of Education (2021). Education Demographic and Geographic Estimates Program (EDGE): Locale Boundaries. National Center for Education Statistics.

U.S. Census Bureau (2023, May 25). Technical Documentation. Exploring Age Groups in the 2020 Census. <https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial/2020/data/demographic-and-housing-characteristics-file/age-group-visualization/exploring-age-groups-technical-documentation.pdf>